What is claimed is:

- 1. A precursor polypeptide of phytosulfokine derived from *Arabidopsis* thaliana, said precursor polypeptide being following (a) or (b):
- (a) a polypeptide consisting of an amino acid sequence defined as amino acid numbers from 1 to 87 in SEQ ID NO: 1 in the sequence list,
- (b) a polypeptide consisting of an amino acid sequence having more than 70% of sequence homology with said polypeptide (a), said polypeptide (b) being processed and sulfated on the tyrosine residue of said phytosulfokine in a plant cell to secrete said phytosulfokine with its tyrosine residue sulfated, thereby capable of promoting proliferation of said plant cell.
- 2. A gene encoding said precursor polypeptide of phytosulfokine according to claim 1.
- 3. A gene encoding said precursor polypeptide of phytosulfokine according to claim 1, said gene consisting of a base sequence defined as base numbers from 40 to 303 in SEQ ID NO: 2 in the sequence list.
- 4. A gene encoding a precursor polypeptide of phytosulfokine derived from *Arabidopsis thaliana*, said gene being following (c), (d) or (e):
- (c) a gene consisting of a base sequence defined as base numbers from 1 to 545 in SEQ ID NO: 2 in the sequence list,
- (d) a gene consisting of a base sequence that hybridizes with the base sequence (c) under a stringent condition,
- (e) a gene consisting of a base sequence having more than 70% of sequence homology with said gene (c), said gene (e) encoding a polypeptide being processed and sulfated on the tyrosine residue of said phytosulfokine in a plant cell to secrete said phytosulfokine with its tyrosine residue sulfated, thereby capable of promoting proliferation of said plant cell.
- 5. A method to promote proliferation of a plant cell, the method comprising incorporation of said gene according to either one of claim 2 to claim 4 into said plant cell.
- 6. A transgenic plant cell comprising said gene according to either one of claim 2 to claim 4 incorporated therein to promote proliferation of said plant cell.
 - 7. A precursor polypeptide of phytosulfokine derived from Arabidopsis

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thaliana, said precursor polypeptide being following (f) or (g):

- (f) a polypeptide consisting of an amino acid sequence defined as amino acid numbers from 1 to 79 in SEQ ID NO: 3 in the sequence list,
- (g) a polypeptide consisting of an amino acid sequence having more than 70% of sequence homology with said polypeptide (f), said polypeptide (g) being processed and sulfated on the tyrosine residue of said phytosulfokine in a plant cell to secrete said phytosulfokine with its tyrosine residue sulfated, thereby capable of promoting proliferation of said plant cell.
- 8. A gene encoding said precursor polypeptide of phytosulfokine according to claim 7.
- 9. A gene encoding said precursor polypeptide of phytosulfokine according to claim 7, said gene consisting of a base sequence defined as base numbers from 43 to 282 in SEQ ID NO: 4 in the sequence list.
- 10. A gene encoding a precursor polypeptide of phytosulfokine derived from Arabidopsis thaliana, said gene being following (h), (i) or (j):
- (h) a gene consisting of a base sequence defined as base numbers from 1 to 479 in SEQ ID NO: 4 in the sequence list,
- (i) a gene consisting of a base sequence that hybridizes with the base sequence(h) under a stringent condition,
- (j) a gene consisting of a base sequence having more than 70% of sequence homology with said gene (h), said gene (j) encoding a polypeptide being processed and sulfated on the tyrosine residue of said phytosulfokine in a plant cell to secrete said phytosulfokine with its tyrosine residue sulfated, thereby capable of promoting proliferation of said plant cell.
- 11. A method to promote proliferation of a plant cell, the method comprising incorporation of said gene according to either one of claim 8 to claim 10 into said plant cell.
- 12. A transgenic plant cell comprising said gene according to either one of claim 8 to claim 10 incorporated therein to promote proliferation of said plant cell.

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